111TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 5660

To promote simplification and fairness in the administration and collection of sales and use taxes, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

July 1, 2010

Mr. Delahunt (for himself, Mr. Conyers, Mr. Capuano, Ms. Herseth Sandlin, and Mr. Welch) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

A BILL

To promote simplification and fairness in the administration and collection of sales and use taxes, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Main Street Fairness Act".
- 6 (b) Table of Contents for
- 7 this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
 - Sec. 2. Consent of Congress.
 - Sec. 3. Findings.
 - Sec. 4. Authorization to require collection of sales and use taxes.
 - Sec. 5. Tribal governments.

- Sec. 6. Determinations by governing board and judicial review of such determinations.
- Sec. 7. Minimum simplification requirements.
- Sec. 8. Limitation.
- Sec. 9. Expedited judicial review.
- Sec. 10. Definitions.
- Sec. 11. Sense of Congress on digital goods and services.

1 SEC. 2. CONSENT OF CONGRESS.

- 2 Congress consents to the Streamlined Sales and Use
- 3 Tax Agreement.
- 4 SEC. 3. FINDINGS.
- 5 Congress makes the following findings:
- 6 (1) States should be encouraged to simplify 7 their sales and use tax systems.
- 8 (2) As a matter of economic policy and basic 9 fairness, similar sales transactions should be treated 10 equally, without regard to the manner in which sales 11 are transacted, whether in person, through the mail, 12 over the telephone, on the Internet, or by other 13 means.
 - (3) Congress may facilitate such equal taxation consistent with the United States Supreme Court's decision in Quill Corp. v. North Dakota.
 - (4) States that voluntarily and adequately simplify their tax systems should be authorized to correct the present inequities in taxation through requiring sellers to collect taxes on sales of goods or services delivered in-state, without regard to the location of the seller.

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1	(5) The States have experience, expertise, and
2	a vital interest in the collection of sales and use
3	taxes, and thus should take the lead in developing
4	and implementing sales and use tax collection sys-
5	tems that are fair, efficient, and non-discriminatory
6	in their application and that will simplify the process
7	for both sellers and buyers.
8	(6) Online consumer privacy is of paramount
9	importance to the growth of electronic commerce
10	and must be protected.
11	SEC. 4. AUTHORIZATION TO REQUIRE COLLECTION OF
12	SALES AND USE TAXES.
13	(a) Grant of Authority.—
	(a) Grant of Authority.—(1) In General.—Each Member State under
13	
13 14	(1) In General.—Each Member State under
13 14 15	(1) IN GENERAL.—Each Member State under the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement is
13 14 15 16	(1) In General.—Each Member State under the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement is authorized, subject to the requirements of this sec-
13 14 15 16	(1) In General.—Each Member State under the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement is authorized, subject to the requirements of this sec- tion, to require all sellers not qualifying for the
113 114 115 116 117	(1) In General.—Each Member State under the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement is authorized, subject to the requirements of this sec- tion, to require all sellers not qualifying for the small seller exception to collect and remit sales and
13 14 15 16 17 18	(1) In General.—Each Member State under the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement is authorized, subject to the requirements of this sec- tion, to require all sellers not qualifying for the small seller exception to collect and remit sales and use taxes with respect to remote sales sourced to
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(1) In General.—Each Member State under the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement is authorized, subject to the requirements of this sec- tion, to require all sellers not qualifying for the small seller exception to collect and remit sales and use taxes with respect to remote sales sourced to that Member State under the Agreement.
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(1) In General.—Each Member State under the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement is authorized, subject to the requirements of this section, to require all sellers not qualifying for the small seller exception to collect and remit sales and use taxes with respect to remote sales sourced to that Member State under the Agreement. (2) Requirements for authority.—The au-

cent of the total population of all States impos-

1	ing a sales tax, as determined by the most re-
2	cent Federal census, have petitioned for mem-
3	bership and have become Member States under
4	the Agreement.
5	(B) The following necessary operational as-
6	pects of the Agreement have been implemented
7	by the Governing Board:
8	(i) Provider and system certification.
9	(ii) Setting of monetary allowance by
10	contract with providers.
11	(iii) Implementation of an online
12	multistate registration system.
13	(iv) Adoption of a standard form for
14	claiming exemptions electronically.
15	(v) Establishment of advisory coun-
16	cils.
17	(vi) Promulgation of rules and proce-
18	dures for dispute resolution.
19	(vii) Promulgation of rules and proce-
20	dures for audits.
21	(viii) Provisions for funding and staff-
22	ing the Governing Board.
23	(C) Each Member State has met the re-
24	quirements to provide and maintain the data-
25	bases and the taxability matrix described in the

1	Agreement, pursuant to requirements of the
2	Governing Board.
3	(3) Limitation of Authority.—The author-
4	ization provided under paragraph (1)—
5	(A) shall be granted notwithstanding any
6	other provision of law; and
7	(B) is dependent upon the Agreement, as
8	amended, meeting the minimum simplification
9	requirements of section 7.
10	(b) TERMINATION OF AUTHORITY.—
11	(1) In general.—The authorization provided
12	under subsection (a) shall terminate for all States
13	if—
14	(A) the requirements contained in sub-
15	section (a) cease to be satisfied; or
16	(B) any amendment adopted to the Agree-
17	ment after the date of the enactment of this
18	Act is—
19	(i) not within the scope of the admin-
20	istration of sales and use taxes by the
21	Member States; or
22	(ii) inconsistent with the provisions of
23	this Act.
24	(2) Loss of member state status.—The au-
25	thorization provided under subsection (a) shall ter-

minate for a Member State, if such Member State no longer meets the requirements for Member State status under the terms of the Agreement or the provisions of this Act.

(c) Determination of Status.—

- (1) In General.—The Governing Board shall determine if Member States are in compliance with the requirements of subsections (a) and (b) and whether each Member State meets the minimum simplification requirements of section 7, and shall reevaluate such determination on an annual basis.
- (2) Compliance determination.—Upon the determination of the Governing Board that all the requirements of subsection (a) have been satisfied, the authority to require a seller to collect and remit sales and use taxes shall commence on the first day of a calendar quarter at least 6 months after the date the Governing Board makes its determination.
- (3) Noncompliance determination.—Upon a final determination by the Governing Board that a Member State is not in compliance with the minimum simplification requirements of section 7 or is otherwise not in compliance with the Agreement, that Member State shall lose its remote seller collection authority on the earlier of—

1	(A) the date specified by the Governing
2	Board; or
3	(B) the later of—
4	(i) the first day of January at least 2
5	years after the Governing Board finally de-
6	termined the State was not compliant; or
7	(ii) the first day of a calendar quarter
8	following the end of one full session of the
9	State's legislature beginning after the Gov-
10	erning Board finally determined the State
11	was not compliant.
12	For purposes of this section, the terms "final
13	determination" or "finally determined" shall
14	mean that all appeals processes provided for in
15	the Agreement have been exhausted or the time
16	for pursuing such appeals has expired. An ac-
17	tion before the Federal Court of Claims pursu-
18	ant to section 6 shall not operate to stay a
19	State's loss of collection authority.
20	(4) Restoration of Authority.—Any Mem-
21	ber State that loses its collection authority under
22	this section must comply with all provisions of this
23	section to have its remote seller collection authority
24	restored.

1 SEC. 5. TRIBAL GOVERNMENTS.

2	(a) Status as Member State.—
3	(1) In general.—Any federally recognized In-
4	dian tribe that imposes a generally applicable sales
5	tax may, if such tribe complies with the terms of
6	this Act—
7	(A) petition to become a Member State
8	under the Agreement; and
9	(B) if granted Member State status pursu-
10	ant to paragraph (2), exercise the authority
11	provided under section 4.
12	(2) Decision of the governing board.—
13	(A) IN GENERAL.—If the effect of any fed-
14	erally recognized Indian tribe's laws, rules, reg-
15	ulations, and policies is compliant with each of
16	the terms of the Agreement, and the Indian
17	tribe has entered into an agreement with the
18	primary State where such tribe is located, the
19	Governing Board shall consider such tribe for
20	admission as a Member State to the Agreement
21	on the same basis as States.
22	(B) NO STATE-TRIBAL AGREEMENT
23	PRESENT.—If a petitioning Indian tribe and the
24	primary State in which such tribe is located
25	have attempted to negotiate, but have not
26	reached, an agreement as described in subpara-

(A) within 2 years after the date of the	1
ssion of such petition, the Governing	2
shall consider such tribe for admission as	3
mber State to the Agreement on the same	4
as States without regard to the presence	5
tate-tribal agreement.	6
MEMBERSHIP ON THE GOVERNING	7
	8
A) IN GENERAL.—If any federally recog-	9
Indian tribe is accorded Member State	10
under the Agreement under this section,	11
tribe shall be represented on the Gov-	12
Board by at least 1 member.	13
B) MULTIPLE TRIBES.—If 2 or more fed-	14
recognized Indian tribes are accorded	15
er State status under the Agreement	16
this section, additional representation of	17
ribes on the Governing Board shall be de-	18
ned by the Governing Board, in consulta-	19
rith those tribes that are Member States.	20
OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this Act	21
nt shall be construed as—	22
B) MULTIPLE TRIBES.—If 2 or more recognized Indian tribes are accer State status under the Agree this section, additional representative ribes on the Governing Board shall need by the Governing Board, in contith those tribes that are Member State Construction.—Nothing in the	14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21

(1) diminishing an Indian tribe's sovereignty or

characterizing an Indian tribe as a State for other

purposes;

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1	(2) affecting existing tax agreements between
2	Indian tribal governments and States;
3	(3) preventing Indian tribal governments and
4	States from entering into bilateral agreements for
5	the collection and allocation of sales taxes (whether
6	or not such bodies are admitted as Member States
7	to the Agreement); or
8	(4) overriding established principles of Federal
9	law governing—
10	(A) the taxing jurisdiction of Indian tribal
11	governments; and
12	(B) the immunities of Indian tribal govern-
13	ments and their members from State taxation
14	with respect to on-reservation transactions.
15	SEC. 6. DETERMINATIONS BY GOVERNING BOARD AND JU-
16	DICIAL REVIEW OF SUCH DETERMINATIONS.
17	(a) Petition.—At any time after the Governing
18	Board has made the determinations required under section
19	4(c), any person who may be affected by the Agreement
20	may petition the Governing Board for a determination on
21	any issue related to the implementation of the Agreement
22	or on a Member State's compliance with this Act or the
23	Agreement.
24	(b) REVIEW IN COURT OF FEDERAL CLAIMS.—Any
25	person who submits a petition under subsection (a) may

1	bring an action against the Governing Board in the United
2	States Court of Federal Claims for judicial review of the
3	action of the Governing Board on that petition if—
4	(1) the petition relates to an issue of whether—
5	(A) a Member State has satisfied or con-
6	tinues to satisfy the requirements for Member
7	State status under the Agreement;
8	(B) the Governing Board has performed a
9	nondiscretionary duty of the Governing Board
10	under the Agreement;
11	(C) the Agreement—
12	(i) continues to satisfy the minimum
13	simplification requirements of section 7; or
14	(ii) otherwise continues to be con-
15	sistent with the provisions of this Act; or
16	(D) any other requirement of section 4 has
17	been satisfied; and
18	(2) the petition is denied by the Governing
19	Board in whole or in part with respect to that issue,
20	or the Governing Board fails to act on the petition
21	with respect to that issue not later than the 6-month
22	period beginning on the day after the date on which
23	the petition was submitted.
24	(c) Timing of Action for Review.—An action for
25	review under this section shall be initiated not later than

- 1 60 days after the denial of the petition by the Governing
- 2 Board, or, if the Governing Board fails to act on the peti-
- 3 tion, not later than 60 days after the end of the 6-month
- 4 period beginning on the day after the date on which the
- 5 petition was submitted.

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- 6 (d) STANDARD OF REVIEW.—
- 7 (1) IN GENERAL.—In any action for review 8 under this section, the court shall set aside the ac-9 tions, findings, and conclusions of the Governing 10 Board found to be arbitrary, capricious, an abuse of 11 discretion, or otherwise not in accordance with law.
 - (2) Remand.—If the court sets aside any action, finding, or conclusion of the Governing Board under paragraph (1), the court shall remand the case to the Governing Board for further action consistent with the decision of the court.
 - (3) Nonmonetary relief.—In connection with any remand under paragraph (2), the court may not award monetary relief, but may award declaratory and injunctive relief.
- 21 (e) Jurisdiction.—
- 22 (1) GENERALLY.—Chapter 91 of title 28, 23 United States Code, is amended by adding at the 24 end the following new section:

1	"SEC. 1510. JURISDICTION REGARDING THE STREAMLINED
2	SALES AND USE TAX AGREEMENT.
3	"The United States Court of Federal Claims shall
4	have exclusive jurisdiction over actions for judicial review
5	of determinations of the Governing Board of the Stream-
6	lined Sales and Use Tax Agreement under the terms and
7	conditions provided in section 6 of the Main Street Fair-
8	ness Act.".
9	(2) Conforming amendment to table of
10	SECTIONS.—The table of sections for chapter 91 of
11	title 28, United States Code, is amended by adding
12	at the end the following new item:
	"1510. Jurisdiction regarding the streamlined sales and use tax agreement.".
13	SEC. 7. MINIMUM SIMPLIFICATION REQUIREMENTS.
14	(a) In General.—The minimum simplification re-
15	quirements for the Agreement are as follows:
16	(1) A centralized, one-stop, multistate registra-
17	tion system that a seller may elect to use to register
18	with the Member States, provided a seller may also
19	elect to register directly with a Member State, and
20	further provided that privacy and confidentiality
21	controls shall be placed on the multistate registra-
22	tion system so that it may not be used for any pur-
	tion system so that it may not be used for any par-

taxes. Furthermore, no taxing authority within a

Member State or a Member State that has with-

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- drawn or been expelled from the Agreement may use registration with the centralized registration system for the purpose of, or as a factor in determining, whether a seller has a nexus with that Member State for any tax at any time.
 - (2) Uniform definitions of products and product-based exemptions from which a Member State may choose its individual tax base, provided, however, that all local jurisdictions in that Member State with respect to which a tax is imposed or collected, shall have a common tax base identical to the State tax base of that Member State. A Member State may enact product-based exemptions without restriction if the Agreement does not have a definition for the product or for a term that includes the product. A Member State shall relax the good faith requirement for acceptance of exemption certificates in accordance with section 317 of the Agreement, as in effect on the date of the enactment of this Act.
 - (3) Uniform rules for sourcing and attributing transactions to particular taxing jurisdictions.
 - (4) Uniform procedures for the certification of service providers and software on which a seller may elect to rely in order to determine Member State sales and use tax rates and taxability.

- 1 (5) Uniform rules for bad debts and rounding.
- 2 (6) Uniform requirements for tax returns and remittances.
 - (7) Consistent electronic filing and remittance methods.
 - (8) Single, State-level administration of all Member State and local sales and use taxes, including a requirement for a State-level filing of tax returns in each Member State.
 - (9) A single sales and use tax rate per taxing jurisdiction, except as provided in section 308 of the Agreement.
 - (10) A provision requiring the elimination by each Member State of caps and thresholds on the application of sales and use tax rates and exemptions based on value, provided that this limitation does not apply to the items identified in sections 308C, 322, and 323 of the Agreement, as in effect on the date of the enactment of this Act.
 - (11) A provision requiring each Member State to complete a taxability matrix, as adopted by the Governing Board. The matrix shall include information regarding terms defined by the Agreement in the Library of Definitions. The matrix shall also include, pursuant to the requirements of the Gov-

- erning Board, information on use-, entity-, and product-based exemptions.
 - (12) A provision requiring that each Member State relieves a seller or service provider from liability to that Member State and local jurisdiction for collection of the incorrect amount of sales or use tax, and relieves the purchaser from penalties stemming from such liability, provided that collection of the improper amount is the result of relying on information provided by that Member State regarding tax rates, boundaries, or taxing jurisdiction assignments, or in the taxability matrix regarding terms defined by the Agreement in the Library of Definitions.
 - (13) Audit procedures for sellers, including an option under which a seller not qualifying for the small business exception may request, by notifying the Governing Board, to be subject to a single audit on behalf of all Member States for sales and use taxes. The Governing Board, in its discretion, may authorize such a single audit.
 - (14) Effective on the date authority to require collection commences under section 4, each Member State shall provide reasonable compensation for expenses incurred by all sellers in administering, collecting, and remitting sales and use taxes (other

- than use taxes on goods and services purchased for the consumption of the seller) to that Member State. Such compensation may vary in each Member State depending on the complexity of the sales and use tax laws in that Member State and may vary by the characteristics of sellers in order to reflect differences in collection costs. Such compensation may be provided to a seller or a third-party service pro-vider whom a seller has contracted with to perform all the sales and use tax responsibilities of a seller.
 - (15) Appropriate protections for consumer privacy.
 - (16) Governance procedures and mechanisms to ensure timely, consistent, and uniform implementation and adherence to the principles of the streamlined system and the terms of the Agreement.
 - (17) A uniform rule to establish a small seller exception to a requirement to collect authorized by this Act.
 - (18) Uniform rules and procedures for sales tax holidays.
 - (19) Uniform rules and procedures to address refunds and credits for sales taxes relating to customer returns, restocking fees, discounts and coupons, and rules to address allocations of shipping

1	and handling and discounts applied to multiple item
2	and multiple seller orders.
3	(b) Application of Minimum Simplification Re-
4	QUIREMENTS TO TAXES ON COMMUNICATIONS SERV-
5	ICES.—Each Member State shall apply the minimum sim-
6	plification requirements of subsection (a) to sales and use
7	taxes on communications services.
8	(c) REQUIREMENT TO PROVIDE SIMPLIFIED TAX
9	Systems.—
10	(1) In general.—The requirements of this
11	section are intended to ensure that each Member
12	State provides and maintains the necessary sim-
13	plification to its sales and use tax system to warrant
14	the collection authority granted to such Member
15	State in section 4.
16	(2) Reduction of administrative bur-
17	DENS.—The requirements of this section should be
18	construed—
19	(A) to require each Member State to sub-
20	stantially reduce the administrative burdens as-
21	sociated with sales and use taxes; and
22	(B) as allowing each Member State to ex-
23	ercise flexibility in how these requirements are
24	satisfied.

1	(3) Exception.—In instances where exceptions
2	to the requirements of this section can be exercised
3	in a manner that does not materially increase the
4	administrative burden on a seller obligated to collect
5	or pay the taxes, such exceptions are permissible.
6	(d) No Requirement To Exempt From or Im-
7	POSE TAX.—Nothing in this Act or the Agreement shall
8	require any Member State or any local taxing jurisdiction
9	to exempt, or to impose a tax on any product, or to adopt
10	any particular type of tax, or to impose the same rate of
11	tax as any other taxing jurisdiction.
12	SEC. 8. LIMITATION.
13	(a) In General.—Nothing in this Act shall be con-
14	strued as—
15	(1) subjecting a seller to franchise taxes, in-
16	come taxes, or licensing requirements of a Member
17	State or political subdivision thereof; or
18	(2) affecting the application of such taxes or re-
19	quirements or enlarging or reducing the authority of
20	any Member State to impose such taxes or require-
21	ments.
22	(b) No Effect on Nexus, etc.—
23	(1) In general.—No obligation imposed by
24	virtue of the authority granted by section 4 shall be
25	considered in determining whether a seller has a

1	nexus with any Member State for any other tax pur-
2	pose.
3	(2) Permissible member state author-
4	ITY.—Except as provided in subsection (a), and in
5	section 4, nothing in this Act permits or prohibits a
6	Member State from—
7	(A) licensing or regulating any person;
8	(B) requiring any person to qualify to
9	transact intrastate business;
10	(C) subjecting any person to State taxes
11	not related to the sale of goods or services; or
12	(D) exercising authority over matters of
13	interstate commerce.
14	SEC. 9. EXPEDITED JUDICIAL REVIEW.
15	(a) Three-Judge District Court Hearing.—
16	Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any civil ac-
17	tion challenging the constitutionality of this Act, or any
18	provision thereof, shall be heard by a district court of 3
19	judges convened pursuant to the provisions of section
20	2284 of title 28, United States Code.
21	(b) Appellate Review.—
22	(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other
23	provision of law, an interlocutory or final judgment,
24	decree, or order of the court of 3 judges in an action
25	under subsection (a) holding this Act, or any provi-

1	sion thereof, unconstitutional shall be reviewable as
2	a matter of right by direct appeal to the United
3	States Supreme Court.
4	(2) 30-day time limit.—Any appeal under
5	paragraph (1) shall be filed not more than 30 days
6	after the date of entry of such judgment, decree, or
7	order.
8	SEC. 10. DEFINITIONS.
9	For the purposes of this Act the following definitions
10	apply:
11	(1) GOVERNING BOARD.—The term "Governing
12	Board" means the governing board established by
13	the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement.
14	(2) Member State.—The term "Member
15	State''—
16	(A) means a Member State as that term is
17	used under the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax
18	Agreement as in effect on the date of the enact-
19	ment of this Act;
20	(B) does not include associate members
21	under the Agreement; and
22	(C) includes any federally recognized In-
23	dian Tribe that is accorded Member State sta-
24	tus under the Agreement pursuant to section 5.

- 1 (3) Nondiscretionary duty of the Governing Board.—The term "nondiscretionary duty of the Governing Board" means any duty of the Governing Board specified in the Agreement as a requirement for action by use of the term "shall", "will", or "is required to".
 - (4) Person.—The term "person" means an individual, trust, estate, fiduciary, partnership, corporation, limited liability company, or any other legal entity, and includes a State or local government.
 - (5) Remote sale.—The term "remote sale" refers to a sale of goods or services attributed to a particular Member State with respect to which a seller does not have adequate physical presence to establish nexus under the law existing on the day before the date of the enactment of this Act so as to allow such Member State to require, without regard to the authority granted by this Act, the seller to collect and remit taxes covered by this Act with respect to such sale.
 - (6) Remote sell-er" means any seller who makes a remote sale.
- 24 (7) STATE.—The term "State" means each of 25 the several States, the District of Columbia, the

- Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam, American Samoa, the United States Virgin Islands, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, and any other territory or possession of the United States.
- 6 (8) STREAMLINED SALES AND USE TAX AGREE7 MENT.—The term "Streamlined Sales and Use Tax
 8 Agreement" (or "the Agreement") means the
 9 multistate agreement with that title adopted on No10 vember 12, 2002, as in effect on the date of the en11 actment of this Act and unless the context otherwise
 12 indicates as further amended from time to time.

13 SEC. 11. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON DIGITAL GOODS AND

14 SERVICES.

It is the sense of Congress that each Member State that is a party to the Agreement should work with other Member States that are also parties to the Agreement to prevent double taxation in situations where a foreign country has imposed a transaction tax on a digital good or service.

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